

# Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

#### Features



# AVTA

- Insensitive to dirt
- Insensitive to water pressure
- Needs no power supply self acting
- Opens on rising sensor temperature
- Differential pressure: 0 to 10 bar
- Max. working pressure: 16 bar
- Max. test pressure: 25 bar
- Max.pressure on sensor: 25 bar
- Stainless Steel version available
- The valves are pressure-relieved, i.e. the degree of opening is not affected by differential pressure △p (pressure drop).

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• The regulation range is defined for the point at which the valve begins to open.

# Introduction

Thermostatically operated valves are used for the infinite, proportional regulation of flow quantity, depending on the setting and the sensor temperature.

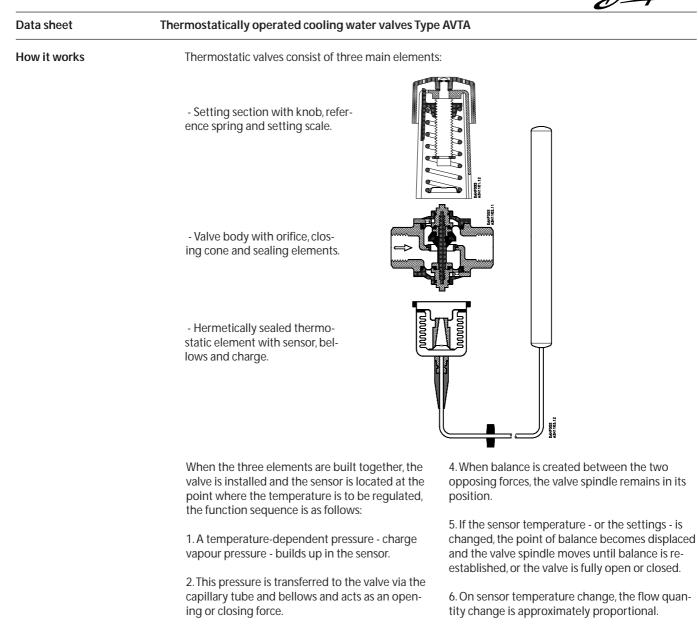
The Danfoss range of thermostatic valves includes a series of industrial products for both refrigeration and heating regulation. The valves are self-acting, i.e. they operate without the supply of auxiliary energy such as electricity or compressed air. Because the valves constantly match flow quantity to demand, they are especially suitable for temperature regulation.

The required temperature is maintained constant with no overconsumption of:

- cooling water in cooling systems,
- hot water or steam in heating systems.

Contents		Page
	How it works	2
	Materials	2
	AVTA for neutral media	3
	Ordering	4
	Dimensions and weights	4
	AVTA SS for aggressive media	5
	Ordering	6
	Dimensions	6
	Installation	7
	Sensor installation	7
	Spare parts and accessories	8
	Sizing	9
	Diagrams	10
	Options	11

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3. The knob on the setting section and the spring exert a force that acts counter to the bellows. The illustrations sho valve, but the function to the setting section and the spring

The illustrations show an AVTA cooling water valve, but the function principle applies to all types of thermostatic valves.

## Materials

MPOSS MHBL 10.74		No.	Description	Material
Name of Street		1	Spindle	Brass W.no. 2.0401
	3	2	Diaphragms	Rubber - ethylene - propylene (EPDM).
		3	Valve body and other metal parts	Forged brass W.no. 2.0402
		4	Valve cone	Nitrile rubber (NBR)
		5	Valve seat	Stainless steel W.no. 1.4305/AISI 303
		6	Sensor	Copper W.no. 2.0090
		7	Capillary tube gland	Nitrile rubber (NBR) Brass W.no. 2.0321 / 2.0401



#### Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

#### Ordering

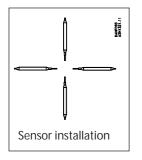
AVTA with adsorption charge



- Wide regulating range
- Can be installed in any position as far as orientation and - temperature are concerned

The charge consists of active carbon and CO<sub>2</sub> which is adsorbed on falling sensor temperature and thereby produce pressure changes in the element.

- Withstands up to +130°C sensor temperature Small sensor dimensions
- Ø 9,5 x 160 mm
- Max. pressure on sensor 25 bar.

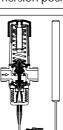


Connection	Regulating range [°C]	Max.temp. sensor [°C]	k <sub>v</sub> value (m <sup>3</sup> /h at∆p = 1 bar)	Capillary tube length [m]	Туре	Code no. <sup>1)</sup>
G 3/8	+10 to +80		1.4		AVTA 10	003N1144
G 1/2		130	1.9	2.3	AVTA 15	003N0107
G 3/4		130	3.4	2.3	AVTA 20	003N0108
G 1			5.5		AVTA 25	003N0109

1) Code no. covers complete valve incl. cappillary tube gland.

Immersion pockets, see "Spare parts and accessories", page 8.

# Ordering AVTA with universal charge



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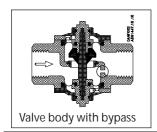
# Sensor dimensions Ø 18 x 210 mm Sensor can be installed colder

as shown in sketch below Max. pressure on sensor 25 bar.

or warmer than the valve Sensors must be orientated The charge is liquid/gas where the liquid surface (regulating point) is always inside the sensor. Wich charge medium is used depends on the temperature range.



Connection	Regulating range [ <sup>o</sup> C]	Max.temp. sensor [ <sup>o</sup> C]	k <sub>v</sub> value (m <sup>3</sup> /h at <i>2</i> p = 1 bar)	Capillary tube length [m]	Туре	Code no. <sup>1)</sup>
G 3/8			1.4		AVTA 10	003N1132
G 1/2	+0 to +30	57	1.9	2.0	AVTA 15	003N2132
G 3/4	+010+30	57	3.4	2.0	AVTA 20	003N3132
G 1			5.5		AVTA 25	003N4132
G 3/8			1.4	2.0	AVTA 10	003N1162
G 1/2		90	1.9	2.0	AVTA 15	003N2162
G 1/2			1.9	2.0 (armoured)	AVTA 15	003N0041
G 3/4			3.4	2.0	AVTA 20	003N3162
G 3/4	+25 to +65		3.4	5.0	AVTA 20	003N3165
G 3/4			3.4	2.0 (armoured)	AVTA 20	003N0031
G 1			5.5	2.0	AVTA 25	003N4162
G 1			5.5	2.0 (armoured)	AVTA 25	003N0032
G 1			5.5	5.0	AVTA 25	003N4165
G 3/8			1.4	2.0	AVTA 10	003N1182
G1/2			1.9	2.0	AVTA 15	003N2182
G 3/4	+50 to +90	125	3.4	2.0	AVTA 20	003N3182
G 1			5.5	2.0	AVTA 25	003N4182
G 1			5.5	3.0	AVTA 25	003N4183 <sup>2)</sup>



1) Code no. covers complete valve incl. cappillary tube gland. Immersion pockets, 2) A Ø 2 mm bypass is drilled in the valve body.

see "Spare parts and accessories", page 8.

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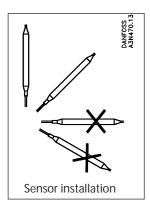
# Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

# Ordering AVTA with mass charge

Small sensor dimensions

- Ø 9,5 x 190 mm
- Short time constant
- Sensor must always be installed
- warmer than the valve Max. pressure on sensor 25 bar

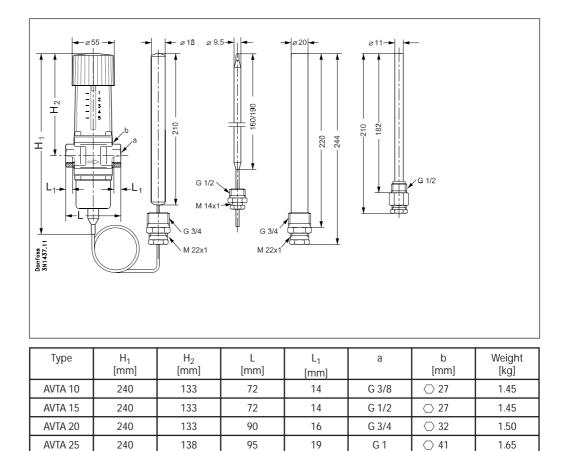
The charge is liquid/gas. Because of the volumetric conditions the liquid surface (regulation point) can be either in the sensor or the bellows, depending on the temperature conditions.



Connection	Regulating range [°C]	Max.temp. sensor [°C]	k <sub>v</sub> value (m <sup>3</sup> /h at∆p = 1 bar)	Capillary tube length [m]	Туре	Code no. <sup>1)</sup>
G 1/2	0 to . 20	57	1.9	2.0	AVTA 15	003N0042
G 3/4	+0 to +30	57	3.4	2.0	AVTA 20	003N0043
G 1/2			1.9	2.0	AVTA15	003N0045
G 1/2	+25 to +65		1.9	2.0 (armoured)	AVTA 15	003N0299
G 1/2		90	1.9	5.0	AVTA 15	003N0034
G 3/4			3.4	2.0	AVTA 20	003N0046
G 1			5.5	2.0	AVTA 25	003N0047

1) Code no. covers complete valve incl. cappillary tube gland.

# **Dimensions and weights**



#### Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA



#### Features



#### AVTA SS for aggressive media.

- Insensitive to dirt
- Insensitive to water pressure
- Needs no power supply self acting
- Opens on rising sensor temperature
- Differential pressure: 0 to 10 bar
- Max. working pressure: 16 bar
- Max. test pressure: 25 bar
- Max. pressure on sensor: 25 bar
- The valves are pressure-relieved, i.e. the degree of opening is not affected by differential pressure \(\Delta\) p (pressure drop).
- The regulation range is defined for the point at which the valve begins to open.

## Application

# AVTA SS for aggressive media.

A valve body in stainless steel means that the valve can be used for aggressive media in such applications as the marine sector and the chemical industry. For extremely aggressive media the valve can be supplied in titanium (please contact Danfoss).

AVTA SS valves have an adsorption charge as standard.

AVTA SS can also be supplied with mass charge or universal charge (please contact Danfoss).

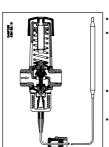
#### Materials

	No.	Description	Material
1 Spindle		Spindle	Stainless steel W.no. 1.4539 (EN 10088); UNS N 08904
	2	Diaphragms	Rubber - ethylene - propylene (EPDM).
	3	Valve body	Stainless steel W.no. 1.4581 (EN10213-4); AISI 318
	4 Valve cone		Nitrile rubber (NBR)
T / I	5	Sensor	Copper (DIN 1787) W.no. 2.0090
	6	Capillary tube gland	Nitrile rubber (NBR), Brass (DIN 17660) W.no. 2.0321 / 2.0401

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# Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

Ordering AVTA in stainless steel with adsorption charge

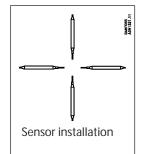


Wide regulating range Can be installed in any and - temperature are concerned Withstands up to +130°C

Max. pressure on sensor 25 bar.

sensor temperature Small sensor dimensions - Ø 9,5 x 160 mm

The charge consists of active carbon and CO<sub>2</sub> which is adsorbed on falling sensor temperature position as far as orientation and thereby produce pressure changes in the element.

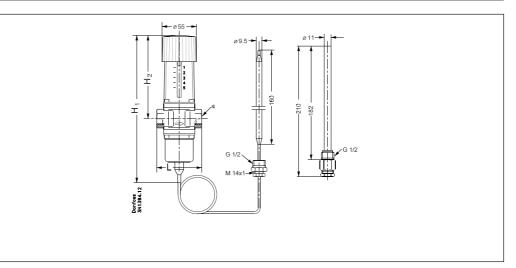


Connection	Regulating range [°C]	Max.temp. sensor [ºC]	k <sub>v</sub> value (m <sup>3</sup> /h at ∆ p = 1 bar)	Capillary tube length [m]	Туре	Code no. <sup>1)</sup>
G 1/2			1.9		AVTA 15	003N2150
G 3/4	+10 to +80	130	3.4	2.3	AVTA 20	003N3150
G 1			5.5		AVTA 25	003N4150

1) Code no. covers complete valve incl. cappillary tube gland.

Immersion pockets, see "Spare parts and accessories", page 8.

# Dimensions

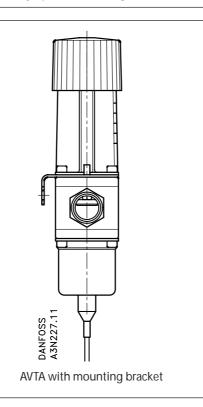


Туре	H <sub>1</sub> [mm]	H <sub>2</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	a ISO 228/1
AVTA 15	240	133	72	G 1/2
AVTA 20	240	133	90	G 3/4
AVTA 25	240	138	95	G 1



#### Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

# Installation



*The valves* can be installed in any position. An arrow on the valve body indicates the direction of flow.

AVTA valves are also marked so that the letters RA can be read straightforwardly when the valve is held as shown.

The installation of an FV filter ahead of the valve is recommended - see separate data sheet DKACV.PD.600.B.

#### Capillary tube

Install the capillary tube without sharp bends (no "kinks"). Relieve the capillary tube at the ends. Relief is important where vibration might occur.

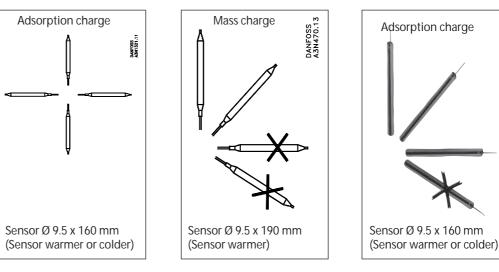
#### Note

Where AVTA is used, the sensor must be able to react to variations in cooling water temperature on system start. Therefore a bypass line with a shut-off valve might be necessary to ensure flow at the sensor during start-up.

If a mounting bracket is used - see "Spare parts and accessories" page 8 - it must always be between valve body and setting section (see illustration).

### Sensor installation

If an immersion sensor is installed, the use of heat-conductive compound is recommended. This will reduce reaction time. See "Spare parts and accessories", page 8. AVTA with small sensor (Ø 9.5 x 190 mm) must always be installed in the flow line, where the regulated liquid is coldest ("sensor warmer").







Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

# Accessories

	Designation	Description	Code no.
		Brass for Ø 18 sensor G 3/4	003N0050
¢	Immersion sensor max. pressure 50 bar L = 220 mm	Brass for Ø18 mm sensor 3/4 - 14 NPT	003N0051
		18/8 steel <sup>1)</sup> for Ø18 sensor G 3/4	003N0192
D	Immersion sensor	Brass for Ø 9.5 sensor G 1/2	017-4367
	max. pressure 50 bar L = 182 mm	18/8 steel <sup>1)</sup> for Ø 9.5 sensor G 1/2	003N0196
	Immersion sensor max. pressure 50 bar L = 182 mm	18/8 steel <sup>1)</sup> for Ø 9.5 sensor G 1/2 For armoured capillary tube	003N0199
Contraction of the second seco	Mounting bracket	For AVTA	003N0388
	Leat conductive compound	5 gram tube	041E0110
0	Heat-conductive compound	0.8 kg	041E0111
())) 06 0 6 0 ())	Capillary tube gland	G 1/2 G 3/4 3/4 - 14 NPT	017-4220 003N0155 003N0056

1) W. no. 1.4301

# Spare parts

Service elements for AVTA

	Temperature range [ºC]	Capillary tube length [m]	Code no.
Adsorption charge - sensor Ø 9.5 x 160 mm	+10 → +80	2.3	003N0278
	$0 \rightarrow +30$	2	003N0075
	0 - +30	5	003N0077
		2	003N0078
	+25→+65	5	003N0080
Universal charge - sensor Ø 18 x 210 mm		2 (armoured)	003N0063
		3	003N0079
	50 00	2	003N0062
	+50 → +90	3	003N0089
	$0 \rightarrow +30$	2	003N0066
Mass charge - sensor Ø9.5 x 190 mm	$+25 \rightarrow +65$	2	003N0091
	+20 → +00	5	003N0068

Data sheet	Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA	
Sizing	<ul> <li>When sizing and selecting thermostatic valves, it is most important to ensure that the valve is able to give the necessary quantity of cooling water at any time, irrespective of the load. Therefore, to select a suitable size of valve it is necessary to know the precise amount of cooling required. On the other hand, to avoid the risk of unstable regulation (hunting), the valve should not be oversized. The type of charge must be selected on the basis of the temperature to be maintained, and on an assessment of the characteristics of each type, as described in the foregoing.</li> <li>In general the aim should be to select the smallest valve capable of giving the required flow.</li> <li>It is also recommended that the temperature range be chosen so that the required sensor temperature lies in the middle of the regulation range.</li> <li>To help fine-setting the valve, a thermometer should be installed near the sensor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Valve size</li> <li>The following data are used when selcting valve size: <ul> <li>Required cooling water flow, Q [m<sup>3</sup>/h]</li> <li>Temperature rise in cooling water, [Δt] (°C)</li> <li>Differential pressure across valve, [Δp] (bar).</li> </ul> </li> <li>With fully open valve the differential pressure should be around 50% of the total pressure drop across the cooling system.</li> <li>The diagrams on page 10 are intended to make valve sizing easier.</li> <li>Fig. 1 - Relation between heat quantity [kW] and cooling water quantity</li> <li>Fig. 2 - Graphs of k<sub>v</sub> values</li> <li>Fig. 3 - Valve operating range</li> <li>Fig. 4 - Flow quantities as a function of pressure drop [Δp]</li> </ul>
	Example A cooling water valve must be selected for the temperature regulation of a vacuum pump.Since direct regulation of the oil temperature is required, an AVTA valve is suitable. The sensor position is horizontal - and small dimensions are desired.Given data: • Necessary cooling at full load 10 kW. • Oil temperature to be maintained constant at +45°C • Cooling water $p_1 = 3$ bar • Outlet $p_3 = 0$ bar • $p_2 = \frac{p_1 + p_3}{2}$ (guess) • Cooling water temperature $t_1 = +20^{\circ}$ C • Outlet temperature $t_2 = +30^{\circ}$ C1. The graphs in fig. 1 can be used to find the necessary cooling water quantity at $\Delta t = 10^{\circ}$ C ( $+30^{\circ}$ C - $+20^{\circ}$ C) to 0.85 m <sup>3</sup> /h.The graphs in fig. 2 show the necessary $k_v$ value for 0.85 m <sup>3</sup> /h with $\Delta p = p_1 \cdot p_2 = 3 \cdot 1.5 = 1.5$ bar for 0.7 m <sup>3</sup> /h.The columns in fig. 3 show that all four AVTA valves can be used, but in practice an AVTA 10 or 15 shall be selected, so the necessary water flow	$\label{eq:section} \begin{split} & \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$

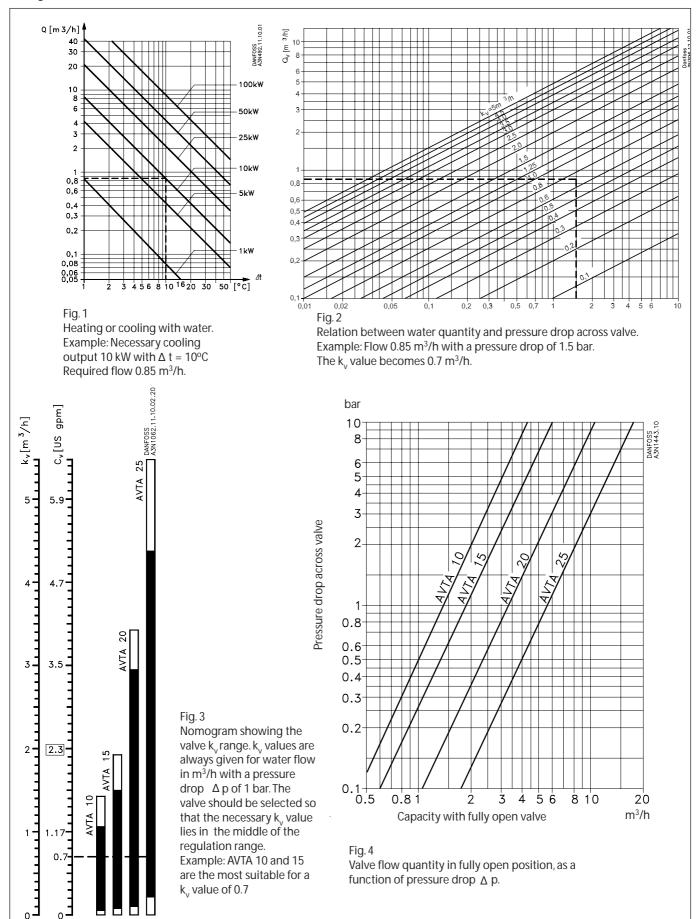
The above considerations apply to both AVTA and FJVA types.



Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

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#### Sizing



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Thermostatically operated cooling water valves Type AVTA

Options

- DZR brass
- Outer thread connecting
- Other lenghts of capillary tubes
- Armouring of cappillary tubes
  Other combinations of sizes and ranges

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